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REMARKS

This is a full and timely response to the outstanding final Office Action mailed December 29, 2005. Claims 1-18 remain pending in the present application. Reconsideration and allowance of the application and pending claims are respectfully requested.

Response To Rejections of Claims Under 35 U.S.C. § 103

In the Office Action, claims 1-18 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as allegedly impatentable over *Takimoto* (U.S. Patent No. 6,202,092) in view of *Higley* (U.S. Patent No. 5,913,025). It is well-established at law that, for a proper rejection of a claim under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being obvious based upon a combination of references, the cited combination of references must disclose, teach, or suggest, either implicitly or explicitly, all elements/features/steps of the claim at issue. *See, e.g., In Re Dow Chemical*, 5 U.S.P.Q.2d 1529, 1531 (Fed. Cir. 1988), and *In re Keller*, 208 U.S.P.Q.2d 871, 881 (C.C.P.A. 1981).

a. <u>Claims 1-5</u>

As provided in independent claim 1, Applicants claim:

A print server, for processing a print job sent by a workstation, the print server comprising:

a printer set-up module to provide a print driver for installation on the workstation; and

an authentication module to supply an authentication code to the workstation, and to review the print job sent by the workstation to determine validity of a copy of the authentication code attached to the print job.

(Emphasis added).

Applicants respectfully submit that claim 1 is allowable for at least the reason that the roposed combination of *Takimoto* in view of *Higley* does not disclose, teach, or suggest at least a printer set-up module to provide a print driver for installation on the workstation; and an authentication module to supply an authentication code to the workstation, and to review the print job sent by the workstation to determine validity of a copy of the authentication code attached to the print job," as recited and emphasized above in claim 1.

In explaining the rejection, the Office Action states that the server computer 2 in *Takimoto* "would also functions as a printer set up module as figure 1 clearly shows a printer river [22] as a component of the server computer." Office Action, page 2. Applicants isagree.

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Applicants submit that Takimoto does not suggest that the printer driver 22 functions at a printer set up module. Rather, Applicants respectfully submit that the printer driver of the server computer analyzes a print request at the server computer 2. It does not seem that a printer set up module is referenced anywhere in the Takimoto disclosure. Therefore, Applicants are unable to see how one of ordinary skill in the art could examine the teachings of the cited references and produce the claimed subject matter, without using hindsight reasoning.

In particular, Takimoto appears to disclose at most a print system in which "a document prepared by the user application 11 on the client computer is transferred to the server computer 2 via the network drivers 12 and 21. The printer driver 22 on the server computer 2 analyzes, in the print request analyzing section 22a, a user ID (identifying information) and information such as the number of pages to print, the kind of paper, and special printing functions requested by the user." Col. 3, lines 52-58.

As such, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest a print driver for installation on a vorkstation and an authentication code being supplied to a workstation, where the authentication code is also sent with a print job and is analyzed for validity. For example, HIG. 2 shows that a print request is not supplied with an authentication code. Even the step of at quiring a USER ID occurs before a print job is requested in step S2. Therefore, Takimoto fuls to teach or suggest at least "a printer set-up module to provide a print driver for isstallation on the workstation; and an authentication module to supply an authentication code to the workstation, and to review the print job sent by the workstation to determine validity of a copy of the authentication code attached to the print job," as recited in claim 1.

Further, Higley fails to cure the deficiencies of the Takimoto reference in suggesting or teaching all of the claimed features in claim 1. With regard to Higley, it appears to teach at most an approach for a user to log in as a source object with a server, where as a source opject, the user already has been assigned the right to access a target object and to also modify the target object's authentication data. In particular, Higley states: "Having logged in as the source object 32, the source 23 has obtained the rights 33 of the source object 32, including author zation to access the target object 36 and to modify the authentication data 38 of the target object 36. The next step 42 involves the source 23 generating new authentication data." Gol. 5 60-67. Therefore, Applicants respectfully fail to understand how Higley teaches or suggests the supplying of an authentication by a print server to a workstation, for example.

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Accordingly, the proposed combination of Takimoto in view of Higley does not disclose all of the claimed features of claim 1. Therefore, a prima facie case establishing an opviousness rejection by the proposed combination has not been made, and the rejection of claim 1 and claims 2-5 (which depend from claim 1) should be withdrawn.

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With regard to the alternative processes suggested in the Office Action and the characterizations of the worthiness of the claimed features and whether or not they made sense, Applicants fail to appreciate the pertinence of these statements and reference the specification for any questions the Examiner may have towards the claimed subject matter.

Claims 6-9 b.

As provided in independent claim 6, Applicants claim:

A method of printing, comprising: attaching a workstation to a LAN; downloading and installing a print driver on the workstation; downloading an authentication code to the workstation; sending a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server;

verifying validity of the authentication code; and sending the print job from the print server to a printer.

(Emphasis added).

Applicants respectfully submit that claim 6 is allowable for at least the reason that the proposed combination of Takimoto in view of Higley does not disclose, teach, or suggest at least "town loading and installing a print driver on the workstation; downloading an authentication code to the workstation; sending a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server; [and] verifying validity of the authentication code," as recited and emphasized above in claim 6.

For at least the reasons provided with regard to claim 1, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest a print driver for installation on a workstation and an authentication code being supplied to a workstation, where the authentication code is also sent with a print job and is ahalyzed for validity. For example, FIG. 2 shows that a print request is not supplied with an authentication code. Even the step of acquiring a USER ID occurs before a print job is requested in step S2. Therefore, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest at least "downloading and installing a print driver on the workstation; downloading an authentication code to the workstation; sending a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a phint server; [and] verifying validity of the authentication code," as recited in claim 6.

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Further, Higley fails to cure the deficiencies of the Takimoto reference in suggesting or teaching all of the claimed features in claim 6. With regard to Higley, it appears to teach at most an approach for a user to log in as a source object with a server, where as a source object the user already has been assigned the right to access a target object and to also modify the target object's authentication data. In particular, Higley states: "Having logged in as the source object 32, the source 23 has obtained the rights 33 of the source object 32, including author zation to access the target object 36 and to modify the authentication data 38 of the target object 36. The next step 42 involves the source 23 generating new authentication data."

Col. 5 60-67. Therefore, Applicants respectfully fail to understand how Higley teaches or suggests the supplying of an authentication by a print server to a workstation, for example.

Accordingly, the proposed combination of *Takimoto* in view of *Higley* does not disclose all of the claimed features of claim 6. Therefore, a *prima facie* case establishing an obviousness rejection by the proposed combination has not been made, and the rejection of claim 6 and claims 7-9 (which depend from claim 6) should be withdrawn.

c. Claims 10-12

As provided in independent claim 10, Applicants claim:

sending the print job to a printer.

A method of authenticating a print job, comprising:

downloading and installing a print driver on a workstation;

downloading an authentication code to the workstation;

sending a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server;

verifying validity of the authentication code; and

(Emphasis added).

Applicants respectfully submit that claim 10 is allowable for at least the reason that the proposed combination of *Takimoto* in view of *Higley* does not disclose, teach, or suggest at least "down oading and installing a print driver on a workstation; downloading an authentication code to the workstation; sending a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server; [and]verifying validity of the authentication code," as recited and emphasized above in claim 10.

For at least the reasons provided with regard to claim 1, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest a print driver for installation on a workstation and an authentication code being supplied to a workstation, where the authentication code is also sent with a print job and is

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ahalyzed for validity. For example, FIG. 2 shows that a print request is not supplied with an auther ication code. Even the step of acquiring a USER ID occurs before a print job is requested in step S2. Therefore, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest at least "downloading and installing a print driver on a workstation; downloading an authentication code to the v∤orks∮ation; sending a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server; [and] verifying validity of the authentication code," as recited and emphasized above in claim 10.

Further, Higley fails to cure the deficiencies of the Takimoto reference in suggesting or teaching all of the claimed features in claim 10. With regard to Higley, it appears to teach at ntost an approach for a user to log in as a source object with a server, where as a source object the user already has been assigned the right to access a target object and to also modify the target object's authentication data. In particular, Higley states: "Having logged in as the spurce object 32, the source 23 has obtained the rights 33 of the source object 32, including authorization to access the target object 36 and to modify the authentication data 38 of the tirget bject 36. The next step 42 involves the source 23 generating new authentication data." Col. 5 60-67. Therefore, Applicants respectfully fail to understand how Higley teaches or suggests the supplying of an authentication by a print server to a workstation, for example.

Accordingly, the proposed combination of Takimoto in view of Higley does not disclose all of the claimed features of claim 10. Therefore, a prima facie case establishing an obviousness rejection by the proposed combination has not been made, and the rejection of claim 10 and claims 11-12 (which depend from claim 10) should be withdrawn.

d. **Claims 13-17**

As provided in independent claim 13, Applicants claim:

A processor-readable medium having processor-executable instructions thereon which, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to:

download and install a print driver on a workstation; download and install an authentication code on the workstation; send a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server;

verify validity of the authentication code using an authentication module on the print server; and

send the print job from the print server to a printer.

(Imphasis added).

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Applicants respectfully submit that claim 13 is allowable for at least the reason that the proposed combination of Takimoto in view of Higley does not disclose, teach, or suggest at least blowrfload and install a print driver on a workstation; download and install an authentication dode on the workstation; send a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a print server, verify validity of the authentication code using an authentication module on the print server," as recited and emphasized above in claim 13.

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For at least the reasons provided with regard to claim 1, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest a print driver for installation on a workstation and an authentication code being supplied to a workstation, where the authentication code is also sent with a print job and is analyzed for validity. For example, FIG. 2 shows that a print request is not supplied with an autheritication code. Even the step of acquiring a USER ID occurs before a print job is requested in step S2. Therefore, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest at least "download and itstall a print driver on a workstation; download and install an authentication code on the works ation; send a print job, containing the authentication code, from the workstation to a thint server; verify validity of the authentication code using an authentication module on the print server," as recited and emphasized above in claim 13.

Further, Higley fails to cure the deficiencies of the Takimoto reference in suggesting or teaching all of the claimed features in claim 13. With regard to Higley, it appears to teach at most an approach for a user to log in as a source object with a server, where as a source object the user already has been assigned the right to access a target object and to also modify the target object's authentication data. In particular, Higley states: "Having logged in as the spurce object 32, the source 23 has obtained the rights 33 of the source object 32, including authorization to access the target object 36 and to modify the authentication data 38 of the target object 36. The next step 42 involves the source 23 generating new authentication data." dol. 5 60-67. Therefore, Applicants respectfully fail to understand how Higley teaches or suggests the supplying of an authentication by a print server to a workstation, for example.

Accordingly, the proposed combination of Takimoto in view of Higley does not disclose all of the claimed features of claim 13. Therefore, a prima facie case establishing an obviousness rejection by the proposed combination has not been made, and the rejection of claim 13 and claims 14-17 (which depend from claim 13) should be withdrawn.

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Claim 18

As provided in independent claim 18, Applicants claim:

A print server, comprising:

a printer set-up module to provide a print driver for installation on a workstation; and

an authentication module to supply an authentication code to the workstation, and to review a print job processed by the print driver and sent from the workstation to determine validity of the authentication code attached to the print job.

(Emphasis added).

Applicants respectfully submit that claim 18 is allowable for at least the reason that the proposed combination of Takimoto in view of Higley does not disclose, teach, or suggest at least "h printer set-up module to provide a print driver for installation on a workstation; and an authentication module to supply an authentication code to the workstation, and to review a print job processed by the print driver and sent from the workstation to determine validity of the authentication code attached to the print job," as recited and emphasized above in claim 18.

For at least the reasons provided with regard to claim 1, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest a print driver for installation on a workstation and an authentication code being supplied to a workstation, where the authentication code is also sent with a print job and is ahalyzed for validity. For example, FIG. 2 shows that a print request is not supplied with an authentication code. Even the step of acquiring a USER ID occurs before a print job is requested in step S2. Therefore, Takimoto fails to teach or suggest at least "a printer set-up module to provide a print driver for installation on a workstation; and an authentication module to supply an authentication code to the workstation, and to review a print job processed by the print driver and sent from the workstation to determine validity of the aththen ication code attached to the print job," as recited and emphasized above in claim 18.

Further, Higley fails to cure the deficiencies of the Takimoto reference in suggesting or teaching all of the claimed features in claim 18. With regard to Higley, it appears to teach at most an approach for a user to log in as a source object with a server, where as a source object, the user already has been assigned the right to access a target object and to also modify the target object's authentication data. In particular, Higley states: "Having logged in as the source object 32, the source 23 has obtained the rights 33 of the source object 32, including atthorization to access the target object 36 and to modify the authentication data 38 of the target object 36. The next step 42 involves the source 23 generating new authentication data."

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Gol. 5, 60-67. Therefore, Applicants respectfully fail to understand how Higley teaches or suggests the supplying of an authentication by a print server to a workstation, for example.

Accordingly, the proposed combination of *Takimoto* in view of *Higley* does not disclose all of the claimed features of claim 18. Therefore, a *prima facie* case establishing an obviousness rejection by the proposed combination has not been made, and the rejection of claim 18 should be withdrawn.

CONCLUSION

For at least the reasons set forth above, Applicants respectfully submit that all objections and/or rejections have been traversed, rendered moot, and/or accommodated, and that the pending claims are in condition for allowance. Favorable reconsideration and a lowance of the present application and all pending claims are hereby courteously requested. It in the opinion of the Examiner, a telephonic conference would expedite the examination of this matter, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned agent at (770) 933-9500.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles W. Griggers, Keg. No. 47,283